

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

DOW SILICONES CORPORATION

#### Product name: DOWSIL™ TC-6032 Thermally Conductive Encapsulant Part B

Issue Date: 04/09/2024

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DOW SILICONES CORPORATION encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

## **1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product name: DOWSIL™ TC-6032 Thermally Conductive Encapsulant Part B

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Identified uses: Electronics Manufacture of electronic components

## COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

DOW SILICONES CORPORATION 2200 WEST SALZBURG ROAD MIDLAND MI 48686-0994 UNITED STATES

**Customer Information Number:** 

800-258-2436 SDSQuestion@dow.com

## EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

24-Hour Emergency Contact: 1 800 424 9300 Local Emergency Contact: 800-424-9300

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Hazard classification

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) Reproductive toxicity - Category 1B

#### Label elements Hazard pictograms



Signal word: DANGER!

#### Hazards

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

#### **Precautionary statements**

#### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking. Keep only in original container. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and/or face protection.

#### Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice and/or attention.

#### Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up.

#### Disposal

Dispose of contents and/or container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### Other hazards

May generate flammable hydrogen gas. Avoid contact with water, alcohols, acidic, basic, or oxidizing materials.

#### **3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### Chemical nature: Silicone compound

This product is a mixture.

Component	CASRN	Concentration
Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Alumina	Not available	>= 69.0 - <= 88.0 %
Methylvinylcyclosiloxane	2554-06-5	>= 0.0096 - <= 0.2 %
1-Ethynylcyclohexanol	78-27-3	>= 0.005 - <= 0.1 %

#### **4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### **Description of first aid measures**

#### General advice:

If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing; consult a physician.

Skin contact: Wash off with plenty of water.

**Eye contact:** Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water. No emergency medical treatment necessary.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Notes to physician: No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

## 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Dry chemical.

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous combustion products:** Silicon oxides. Metal oxides. Formaldehyde. Carbon oxides.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Applying foam will release significant amounts of hydrogen gas that can be trapped under the foam blanket. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

#### Advice for firefighters

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Use water spray to cool unopened containers.. Evacuate area.. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations..

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Do not allow extinguishing medium to contact container contents. Most fire extinguishing media will cause hydrogen evolution, and once the fire is put out, may accumulate in poorly ventilated or confined areas and result in flash fire or explosion if ignited. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

**Environmental precautions:** Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Soak up with inert absorbent material. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbant. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Materials in contact with water, moisture, acids or bases have the potential to generate hydrogen gas. Recovered material should be stored in a vented container. The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction with spilled materials can take place which could lead to overpressurization of the container. See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for safe handling:** Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes. Do not swallow. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from water. Protect from moisture. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. CONTAINERS MAY BE HAZARDOUS WHEN EMPTY. Since emptied containers retain product residue follow all (M)SDS and label warnings even after container is emptied.

Use with local exhaust ventilation. See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in original container. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Product may evolve minute quantities of flammable hydrogen gas which can accumulate. Adequately ventilate to maintain vapors well below flammability limits and exposure guidelines. Do not repackage. Clogged container vents may increase pressure build up. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in a closed container.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents. Organic peroxides. Explosives. Gases.

Unsuitable materials for containers: Do not store in or use containers except the original product package.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Siloxane and n-Alkyl	OSHA Z-1	TWA total dust	15 mg/m3
modified Alumina			
	OSHA Z-1	TWA respirable	5 mg/m3
		fraction	

ACGIH	TWA Respirable particulate matter	5,
Further information: A4: No	Further information: A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen	

#### Exposure controls

**Engineering controls:** Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

#### Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use safety glasses (with side shields).

#### Skin protection

Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

### Other protection: Wear clean, body-covering clothing.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions, no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if handling at elevated temperatures without sufficient ventilation, use an approved air-purifying respirator.

The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	
Physical state	viscous liquid
Color	blue
Odor	Odorless
Odor Threshold	No data available
рН	No data available.
Melting point/range	No data available
Freezing point	No data available
Boiling point (760 mmHg)	> 35 °C (> 95 °F)
Flash point	Pensky-Martens closed cup > 100 °C ( > 212 °F) Cleveland open cup > 250 °C ( > 482 °F)

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Flammability (liquids)	Not classified as supporting combustion according to the transport regulations.
Lower explosion limit	No data available
Upper explosion limit	No data available
Vapor Pressure	No data available
Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)	No data available
Relative Density (water = 1)	2.7
Water solubility	insoluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	> 100 °C (> 212 °F)
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Dynamic Viscosity	4,500 mPa.s at 25 °C (77 °F)
Kinematic Viscosity	> 20.5 mm2/s at 40 °C (104 °F)
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight	No data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Can react with strong oxidizing agents. Product may evolve flammable hydrogen gas on contact with water, alcohols, acidic or basic materials, many metals or metallic compounds and can form explosive mixtures in air. Hazardous decomposition products will be formed at elevated temperatures.

Conditions to avoid: Exposure to moisture

**Incompatible materials:** Avoid contact with oxidizing materials.

#### Hazardous decomposition products:

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Formaldehyde.

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data are available.

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact, Ingestion.

# Acute toxicity (represents short term exposures with immediate effects - no chronic/delayed effects known unless otherwise noted)

#### Acute Toxicity Endpoints:

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### Acute oral toxicity

#### Information for the Product:

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Signs and symptoms of excessive exposure may include: Gastrointestinal irritation.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s): LD50, > 5,000 mg/kg Estimated.

#### Information for components:

<u>Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Alumina</u> Based on data from similar materials LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg

#### Methylvinylcyclosiloxane

LD50, Rat, > 15,000 mg/kg

#### 1-Ethynylcyclohexanol

LD50, Rat, 590 mg/kg

#### Acute dermal toxicity

#### Information for the Product:

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s): LD50, > 5,000 mg/kg Estimated.

#### Information for components:

<u>Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Alumina</u> Based on data from similar materials LD50, Rabbit, > 5,000 mg/kg Estimated.

#### <u>Methylvinylcyclosiloxane</u>

The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Based on testing for product(s) in this family of materials: LD50, > 2,000 mg/kg Estimated.

<u>1-Ethynylcyclohexanol</u> LD50, Rabbit, 976 mg/kg

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

#### Information for the Product:

Brief exposure (minutes) is not likely to cause adverse effects. Vapor from heated material may cause respiratory irritation.

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

#### Information for components:

#### Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Alumina

The LC50 has not been determined.

For similar material(s): LC50, Rat, male and female, dust/mist, > 2.3 mg/l No deaths occurred at this concentration.

#### **Methylvinylcyclosiloxane**

LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, vapour, > 1.32 mg/l No deaths occurred at this concentration.

<u>1-Ethynylcyclohexanol</u> LC50, 4 Hour, vapour, > 50 mg/l Estimated.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### Information for the Product:

Based on information for component(s): Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

#### Information for components:

#### Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Alumina

For similar material(s): Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

#### Methylvinylcyclosiloxane

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

#### 1-Ethynylcyclohexanol

Brief contact may cause skin irritation with local redness.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### Information for the Product:

Based on information for component(s): May cause slight temporary eye irritation. May cause mild eye discomfort.

#### Information for components:

#### Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Alumina

For similar material(s): Essentially nonirritating to eyes.

#### **Methylvinylcyclosiloxane**

May cause slight eye irritation.

#### 1-Ethynylcyclohexanol

May cause moderate eye irritation which may be slow to heal.

#### Sensitization

#### For skin sensitization:

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### For respiratory sensitization:

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### Information for the Product:

For skin sensitization: Contains component(s) which did not cause allergic skin sensitization in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization: No relevant data found.

#### Information for components:

#### Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Alumina

For skin sensitization: No relevant data found.

For respiratory sensitization: No relevant data found.

#### Methylvinylcyclosiloxane

For skin sensitization: No relevant data found.

For respiratory sensitization: No relevant data found.

#### 1-Ethynylcyclohexanol

Did not demonstrate the potential for contact allergy in mice.

For respiratory sensitization: No relevant data found.

#### Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

#### Information for components:

#### Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Alumina

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

#### Methylvinylcyclosiloxane

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

#### 1-Ethynylcyclohexanol

Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

#### **Aspiration Hazard**

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### Information for the Product:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

#### Information for components:

#### <u>Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Alumina</u> Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

<u>Methylvinylcyclosiloxane</u> Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

**<u>1-Ethynylcyclohexanol</u>** Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

# Chronic toxicity (represents longer term exposures with repeated dose resulting in chronic/delayed effects - no immediate effects known unless otherwise noted)

#### Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

#### Information for components:

#### Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Alumina

No relevant data found.

#### Methylvinylcyclosiloxane

No relevant data found.

#### 1-Ethynylcyclohexanol

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

#### Information for components:

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Alumina No relevant data found.

#### Methylvinylcyclosiloxane

No relevant data found.

<u>1-Ethynylcyclohexanol</u> No relevant data found.

#### Teratogenicity

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

#### Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

#### Information for components:

#### Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Alumina

No relevant data found.

#### **Methylvinylcyclosiloxane**

Has been toxic to the fetus in lab animals at doses nontoxic to the mother.

#### 1-Ethynylcyclohexanol

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

#### Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

#### Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

#### Information for components:

Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Alumina No relevant data found.

<u>Methylvinylcyclosiloxane</u> In animal studies, has been shown to interfere with fertility.

#### 1-Ethynylcyclohexanol

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

#### Mutagenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

#### Information for components:

#### Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Alumina

No relevant data found.

#### Methylvinylcyclosiloxane

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

#### 1-Ethynylcyclohexanol

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data are available.

#### Toxicity

#### Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Alumina

Acute toxicity to fish No relevant data found.

#### Methylvinylcyclosiloxane

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested). LC50, Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow), 96 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l

#### Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EL50, Acartia tonsa, 48 Hour, 221 mg/l, ISO 14669 and PARCOM method

#### Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

ErC50, Skeletonema sp., 72 Hour, > 988 mg/l, ISO 10253

#### 1-Ethynylcyclohexanol

#### Acute toxicity to fish

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested). LC50, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe), 96 Hour, > 220 - 460 mg/l

#### Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 159 mg/l

#### Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

EC50, Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae), 72 Hour, > 500 mg/l

#### Persistence and degradability

#### Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Alumina

Biodegradability: No relevant data found.

#### Methylvinylcyclosiloxane

Biodegradability: For similar material(s): Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.
10-day Window: Fail
Biodegradation: 3.7 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 310

#### 1-Ethynylcyclohexanol

Biodegradability: Material has inherent, primary biodegradability according to OECD test (s) guidelines (reaches > 20% biodegradation in OECD test(s). 10-day Window: Not applicable Biodegradation: 63 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B

#### Bioaccumulative potential

#### Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Alumina

**Bioaccumulation:** No relevant data found.

#### Methylvinylcyclosiloxane

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow between 5 and 7).

#### Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 6.49

#### 1-Ethynylcyclohexanol

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). **Partition coefficient:** n-octanol/water(log Pow): 1.49

#### Mobility in soil

#### Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Alumina

No relevant data found.

#### Methylvinylcyclosiloxane

No relevant data found.

#### 1-Ethynylcyclohexanol

No relevant data found.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal methods:** DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN SDS SECTION 1: Identified Uses. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Incinerator or other thermal destruction device. For additional information, refer to: Handling & Storage Information, MSDS Section 7 Stability & Reactivity Information, MSDS Section 10 Regulatory Information, MSDS Section 15

**Treatment and disposal methods of used packaging:** Empty containers should be recycled or otherwise disposed of by an approved waste management facility. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility of the waste generator. Do not re-use containers for any purpose.

## **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Transport in bulk

**IBC or IGC Code** 

according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the

DOT

Not regulated for transport

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

Not regulated for transport Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

Not regulated for transport

Further information:

VENTED PACKAGES ARE FORBIDDEN FOR AIR TRANSPORT.

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312 Reproductive toxicity

## Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:ComponentsCASRNSiloxane and n-Alkyl modified AluminaNot availableSilane modified Aluminum TrihydrateNot available

#### Pennsylvania Right To Know

The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of Pennsylvania law:

Components	CASRN
Siloxane and n-Alkyl modified Alumina	Not available
Silane modified Aluminum Trihydrate	Not available
Dimethyl Siloxane, Dimethylvinylsiloxy-terminated	68083-19-2
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, hydrogen-terminated	70900-21-9
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, Me hydrogen	68037-59-2

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Hexamethyl phosphoramide, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Methanol, Hexamethyl phosphoramide, Toluene, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)

All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Hazard Rating System

	Health	Flammability	Instability
	1	1	0
H	MIS		
	Health	Flammability	Physical
	Health	Flammability	Physical Hazard

\* = Chronic Effects (See Hazards Identification)

#### Revision

Identification Number: 99181807 / A713 / Issue Date: 04/09/2024 / Version: 4.0 Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

#### Legend

ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
OSHA Z-1	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
TWA	8-hour, time-weighted average

#### Full text of other abbreviations

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization: KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory: LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration: n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified: NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA -Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA -Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

DOW SILICONES CORPORATION urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.