

## **Safety Data Sheet**

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## **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M<sup>™</sup> Scotch-Weld<sup>™</sup> Flexible Acrylic Adhesive 8625NS, Black, Part B

#### **Product Identification Numbers**

62-2872-8530-8, 62-2872-9530-7 7100244859, 7100244476

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

## Recommended use

Additive

1.3. Supplier's detailsMANUFACTURER:3MDIVISION:Industrial Adhesives and Tapes DivisionADDRESS:3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USATelephone:1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

**1.4. Emergency telephone number** 1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

## **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

#### 2.1. Hazard classification

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1. Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2. Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.

2.2. Label elements Signal word Danger

Symbols Corrosion | Exclamation mark |

### Pictograms



Hazard Statements Causes serious eye damage. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### **Prevention:**

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### **Response:**

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

#### **Disposal:**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

11% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

39% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl	7328-22-5	10 - 30
ester		
Kaolin	1332-58-7	9 - 30 Trade Secret *
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	868-77-9	5.3 - 25
Butadiene-Acrylonitrile Polymer	9003-18-3	1 - 15
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	101-43-9	4.9 - 15
Acrylic Copolymer	Trade Secret*	< 11
Polymeric Methacrylate (NJTS Reg No. 04499600-7447)	Trade Secret*	< 11
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with	67762-90-7	< 10
silica		
Phosphate Esters of PPG Methacrylate	95175-93-2	0.5 - 3 Trade Secret *
Benzenemethanaminium, N,N,N-tributyl-, chloride	23616-79-7	< 2
4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	< 1
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	< 1
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	<= 0.9
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL, MONOMETHACRYLATE	2351-43-1	< 0.4
Copper Naphthenates	1338-02-9	< 0.25

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Quartz Silica	14808-60-7	< 0.11
1,3-butadiene	106-99-0	< 0.1

NJTS or NJTSRN: New Jersey Trade Secret Registry Number.

\*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### **Eve Contact:**

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

#### If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching). Serious damage to the eyes (corneal cloudiness, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, and significantly impaired or loss of vision).

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

## **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Exposure to extreme heat can give rise to thermal decomposition.

### Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Hydrogen Chloride	During Combustion
Hydrogen Fluoride	During Combustion
Oxides of Nitrogen	During Combustion

#### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe thermal decomposition products. For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases. Store away from oxidizing agents. Store away from amines.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
1,3-butadiene	106-99-0	ACGIH	TWA:2 ppm	A2: Suspected human
				carcin.
1,3-butadiene	106-99-0	OSHA	TWA:1 ppm;STEL:5 ppm	29 CFR 1910.1051
DUST, INERT OR NUISANCE	1332-58-7	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):50 millions	
			of particles/cu. ft.(15	
			mg/m3);TWA(respirable	
			fraction):15 millions of	
			particles/cu. ft.(5 mg/m3)	
Kaolin	1332-58-7	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):2	A4: Not class. as human

			mg/m3	carcin
KAOLIN, TOTAL DUST	1332-58-7	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3;TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3	
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	ACGIH		
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	OSHA	TWA:3.5 mg/m3	
COPPER COMPOUNDS	1338-02-9	ACGIH		
Quartz Silica	14808-60-7	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):0.025 mg/m3	A2: Suspected human carcin.
Quartz Silica	14808-60-7	OSHA	TWA Table Z- 1(respirable):0.05 mg/m3;TWA Table Z- 3(respirable):0.1 mg/m3;TWA concentration(respirable):0.1 mg/m3(2.4 millions of particles/cu. ft.)	
4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	ACGIH	TWA:5 mg/m3	
SILICA, AMORPHOUS	67762-90-7	OSHA	TWA:20 millions of particles/cu. ft.;TWA concentration:0.8 mg/m3	
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	ACGIH	TWA:50 ppm;STEL:100 ppm	A4: Not class. as human carcin, Dermal Sensitizer
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	OSHA	TWA:410 mg/m3(100 ppm)	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

### 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

For those situations where the material might be exposed to extreme overheating due to misuse or equipment failure, use with appropriate local exhaust ventilation sufficient to maintain levels of thermal decomposition products below their exposure guidelines. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

### **8.2.2.** Personal protective equipment (PPE)

### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended: Full Face Shield Indirect Vented Goggles

### **Skin/hand protection**

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the

substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

### **Respiratory protection**

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

For those situations where the material might be exposed to extreme overheating due to misuse or equipment failure, use a positive pressure supplied-air respirator.

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid
Color	Black
Specific Physical Form:	Paste
Odor	Mild Acrylate
Odor threshold	No Data Available
рН	Not Applicable
Melting point	Not Applicable
Boiling Point	>=100 °F
Flash Point	> 200 °F [ <i>Test Method</i> :Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	No Data Available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No Data Available
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No Data Available
Vapor Pressure	No Data Available
Vapor Density	No Data Available
Density	1.11 g/ml
Specific Gravity	1.11 [ <i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1]
Solubility in Water	Nil
Solubility- non-water	No Data Available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	No Data Available
Autoignition temperature	No Data Available
Decomposition temperature	No Data Available
Viscosity	60,000 centipoise
Hazardous Air Pollutants	<=1 % weight [ <i>Test Method</i> :Calculated]
Molecular weight	Not Applicable
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	<=10 g/l [ <i>Test Method</i> :calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
-	[Details: when used as intended with Part A]
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	<=36 % [ <i>Test Method</i> :calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
-	[Details:as supplied]

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat Sparks and/or flames

#### **10.5. Incompatible materials**

Amines Strong acids Strong bases Strong oxidizing agents

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

Extreme heat arising from situations such as misuse or equipment failure can generate hydrogen fluoride as a decomposition product.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

### Skin Contact:

Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

### Eye Contact:

Corrosive (Eye Burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing,

### **Condition**

ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

### **Ingestion:**

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

### **Carcinogenicity:**

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
Silica, Crystalline (Respirable Size)	14808-60-7	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans	International Agency for Research on Cancer
1,3-BUTADIENE	106-99-0	Cancer hazard	OSHA Carcinogens
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer
Silica dust, crystalline, in the form of quartz or cristobalite	14808-60-7	Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans	International Agency for Research on Cancer

### **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

### **Acute Toxicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Inhalation- Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000  mg/kg
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,564 mg/kg
Kaolin	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Kaolin	Ingestion	Human	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 12,900 mg/kg
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	Inhalation- Vapor	similar compoun ds	LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Butadiene-Acrylonitrile Polymer	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
Butadiene-Acrylonitrile Polymer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 30,000 mg/kg
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
Phosphate Esters of PPG Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Phosphate Esters of PPG Methacrylate	Dermal	similar health hazards	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Benzenemethanaminium, N,N,N-tributyl-, chloride	Ingestion	Not available	LD50 500 mg/kg
Carbon Black	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Carbon Black	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 8,000 mg/kg
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL, MONOMETHACRYLATE	Dermal	similar compoun ds	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL, MONOMETHACRYLATE	Ingestion	similar compoun ds	LD50 5,564 mg/kg
Copper Naphthenates	Dermal	similar compoun ds	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Copper Naphthenates	Ingestion	similar compoun ds	LD50 >300, < 2,000 mg/kg
Methyl Methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 29.8 mg/l

	Vapor (4		
	hours)		
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 7,900 mg/kg
4-Methoxyphenol	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,630 mg/kg
Quartz Silica	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Quartz Silica	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
1,3-butadiene	Inhalation- Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 129,000 ppm
1,3-butadiene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,480 mg/kg
1,3-butadiene	Dermal	similar health hazards	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Kaolin	Professio nal judgeme nt	No significant irritation
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Butadiene-Acrylonitrile Polymer	Professio nal judgeme nt	No significant irritation
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Phosphate Esters of PPG Methacrylate	Not available	Irritant
Benzenemethanaminium, N,N,N-tributyl-, chloride	Guinea pig	Corrosive
Carbon Black	Rabbit	No significant irritation
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL, MONOMETHACRYLATE	similar compoun ds	Minimal irritation
Copper Naphthenates	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Methyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Irritant
4-Methoxyphenol	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Quartz Silica	Professio nal judgeme nt	No significant irritation

## Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Kaolin	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	In vitro	Severe irritant
	data	
Butadiene-Acrylonitrile Polymer	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Phosphate Esters of PPG Methacrylate	Not	Corrosive
· ·	available	
Benzenemethanaminium, N,N,N-tributyl-, chloride	similar	Corrosive

	health	
	hazards	
Carbon Black	Rabbit	No significant irritation
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL, MONOMETHACRYLATE	similar	Moderate irritant
	compoun	
	ds	
Copper Naphthenates	In vitro	No significant irritation
	data	
Methyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Mild irritant
4-Methoxyphenol	Rabbit	Severe irritant
1,3-butadiene	Human	Mild irritant

## Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Human	Sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	Mouse	Sensitizing
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Human	Not classified
	and	
	animal	
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL, MONOMETHACRYLATE	similar	Sensitizing
	compoun	
	ds	
Copper Naphthenates	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Methyl Methacrylate	Human	Sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
4-Methoxyphenol	Guinea	Sensitizing
	pig	

### **Respiratory Sensitization**

Name	Species	Value
Methyl Methacrylate	Human	Not classified

### Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value		
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	In vivo	Not mutagenic		
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		
Carbon Black	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		
Carbon Black	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL, MONOMETHACRYLATE	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		
Methyl Methacrylate	In vivo	Not mutagenic		
Methyl Methacrylate	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		
4-Methoxyphenol	In vivo	Not mutagenic		
4-Methoxyphenol	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		
Quartz Silica	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		
Quartz Silica	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		
1,3-butadiene	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		
1,3-butadiene	In vivo	Mutagenic		

## Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Kaolin	Inhalation	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Not	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
	Specified		sufficient for classification
Carbon Black	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Carbon Black	Ingestion	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Carbon Black	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	Human	Not carcinogenic
		and	_
		animal	
4-Methoxyphenol	Dermal	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	Multiple	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		animal	sufficient for classification
		species	
Quartz Silica	Inhalation	Human	Carcinogenic
		and	
		animal	
1,3-butadiene	Inhalation	Human	Carcinogenic
		and	
		animal	

## **Reproductive Toxicity**

### **Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects**

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	49 days
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	15 weeks
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 450 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 8.3 mg/l	during organogenesi s
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	28 days

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4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 200	during
				mg/kg/day	gestation
1,3-butadiene	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL 40	during
				ppm	gestation
1,3-butadiene	Inhalation	Toxic to female reproduction	Mouse	LOAEL 6.25	2 years
				ppm	
1,3-butadiene	Inhalation	Toxic to male reproduction	Mouse	NOAEL 200	2 years
				ppm	

## Target Organ(s)

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	official classifica tion	NOAEL Not available	
Phosphate Esters of PPG Methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Benzenemethanaminium, N,N,N-tributyl-, chloride	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL, MONOMETHACRYLAT E	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
4-Methoxyphenol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
1,3-butadiene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	

## Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Kaolin	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL NA	occupational exposure
Kaolin	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexyl methacrylate	Ingestion	endocrine system   hematopoietic system   liver   kidney and/or bladder   nervous system   eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	15 weeks
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Inhalation	respiratory system   silicosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Carbon Black	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methyl Methacrylate	Dermal	peripheral nervous system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	olfactory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	14 weeks
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 12.3 mg/l	14 weeks
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder   heart   skin	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 90.3 mg/kg/day	2 years

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		endocrine system   gastrointestinal tract   hematopoietic system   liver   muscles   nervous system   respiratory system				
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	28 days
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	liver   immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	28 days
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	28 days
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	heart   endocrine system   hematopoietic system   nervous system   respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	28 days
Quartz Silica	Inhalation	silicosis	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
1,3-butadiene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 200 ppm	2 years
1,3-butadiene	Inhalation	heart   gastrointestinal tract   immune system   respiratory system   vascular system   endocrine system   liver   nervous system   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 625 ppm	2 years

#### **Aspiration Hazard**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

### Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **Ecotoxicological information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

### **Chemical fate information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Combustion products will include halogen acid (HCl/HF/HBr). Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered,

stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

## **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### **15.1. US Federal Regulations**

Contact 3M for more information.

#### EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

Physical Hazards
Not applicable
Health Hazards
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization
Serious eye damage or eye irritation
Skin Corrosion or Irritation

### 15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

### **15.3.** Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. One or more chemical components of this material have been commercialized under the TSCA polymer exemption at 40CFR723.250. Polymers subject to this exemption are not listed on the TSCA Inventory, but are in compliance with TSCA requirements.

Contact 3M for more information.

### 15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

### NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 3 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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