

Version 3.0 Revision Date 11/08/2023 SDS Number 300000078696 Print Date 11/15/2023

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Dynasolve ® 711

Product Use Description : Semiconductor Processing, Polymer Remover

Manufacturer/Importer/Distribu

tor

8555 South River Parkway Tempe, AZ 85284-2601 Experter FIN No. 47-56320

: Versum Materials US, LLC

Exporter EIN No. 47-5632014 www.emdgroup.com/electronics

Telephone : 800 837 2724

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: 1-800-424-9300

(24h)

(+1) 703-741-5970 (CHEMTREC)

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **GHS** classification

Flammable liquids - Category 3

Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation - Category 2A

Toxic to reproduction - Category 1B

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure - Category 1
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure - Category 3

#### GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms/symbols







Signal Word: Danger

#### Hazard Statements:

H226:Flammable liquid and vapor.

H315:Causes skin irritation.

H319:Causes serious eye irritation.

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H335:May cause respiratory irritation. H336:May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H360:May damage fertility or the unborn child. H370:Causes damage to organs.

#### **Precautionary Statements:**

Prevention : P201:Obtain special instructions before use.

P202:Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

P210:Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking. P233:Keep container tightly closed.

P240:Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241:Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

P242:Use non-sparking tools.

P243:Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260:Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P264: Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

P270:Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271:Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P281:Use personal protective equipment as required.

Response : P301+P312 :IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel

unwell.

P303+P361+P353 :IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P304+P340 :IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P305+P351+P338 :IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P307+P311 :IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. P308+P313 :IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P311 :Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

P321 :Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).

P330 :Rinse mouth.

P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P370+P378: In case of fire, use recommended extinguishing media for

extinction.

Storage : P403+P233:Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405:Store locked up.

Disposal : P501:Dispose of contents/ container to an approved facility in accordance with

local, regional, national and international regulations.

#### Hazards not otherwise classified

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#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS Number	Concentration
		(Weight)
Propan-2-ol, 1-methoxy-	107-98-2	40% - 60 %
1-Phenoxy-2-propanol	770-35-4	15% - 40 %
Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone, 1-	872-50-4	15% - 35 %
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	2.5% - 5%
Potassium Hydroxide	1310-58-3	1% - 5%

Concentration is nominal. For the exact product composition, please refer to technical specifications.

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Seek medical advice. If breathing has stopped or is labored, give assisted

respirations. Supplemental oxygen may be indicated. If the heart has stopped, trained personnel should begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation immediately.

Eye contact : If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes and see a

doctor.

Skin contact : Immediately remove contaminated clothing, and any extraneous chemical, if

possible to do so without delay. Flush immediately with copious amounts of water. Initiate and maintain continuous irrigation until the patient receives medical care. If medical care is not promptly available, continue to irrigate for

one hour. Cover wound with sterile dressing.

Ingestion : Medical care must emphasize the control of acidosis and the use of intravenous

bicarbonate has been lifesaving. Evidence is good that treatment of methanol absorption is enhanced through the administration of ethanol, which should be given to produce a blood level of at least 0.1%. Ethanol diminishes the production of toxic metabolites of methanol. Blood methanol level of 50 mg/100mL is an indication for hemodialysis, which has improved the prognosis

mg/100mL is an indication for hemodialysis, which has improved the prognosis of methanol intoxication. Methanol is often confused with beverage alcohol (ethylalcohol). Care must cause of methanol poisoning. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting without medical

advice. Prevent aspiration of vomit. Turn victim's head to the side.

Inhalation : If breathing has stopped or is labored, give assisted respirations. Supplemental

oxygen may be indicated. If the heart has stopped, trained personnel should begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation immediately. If unconscious place in

recovery position and seek medical advice. Move to fresh air.

Inhalation : No data available.

Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Risks : In case of ingestion or massive inhalation, observe victim as an inpatient hours

between exposure and acidosis and blindness.

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## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Dry chemical. Dry sand.

Limestone powder.

Specific hazards : Incomplete combustion may form carbon monoxide. Flash back possible over

> considerable distance. Fire or intense heat may cause violent rupture of packages. Burning produces noxious and toxic fumes. May form explosive

mixtures in air. Downwind personnel must be evacuated.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters

: Avoid contact with the skin. A face shield should be worn. Use personal

protective equipment. Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if

necessary.

Further information : Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in

accordance with local regulations., Do not allow run-off from firefighting to enter

drains or water courses.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions. Protective Equipment, and **Emergency Procedures** 

: Remove all sources of ignition. Use self-contained breathing apparatus and

chemically protective clothing. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

: Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. **Environmental precautions** 

Prevent spilled product from entering streams or drinking water supplies. Shut

off or remove all ignition sources. Construct a dike to prevent spreading.

: Absorb with inert absorbent materials such as: Drv sand. Vermiculite. Activated Methods for cleaning up

charcoal. Approach suspected leak areas with caution. Call Emergency

Response number for advice. Place in appropriate chemical waste container.

Additional advice : If possible, stop flow of product.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Emergency showers and eye wash stations should be readily accessible. Adhere to work practice rules established by government regulations. See "Flammable and Combustible Liquid Code" NFPA No. 30, National Fire Protection Association, Boston, MA. Use personal protective equipment. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

### Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep away from oxidizers.

#### Technical measures/Precautions

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

## Engineering measures

Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers.

Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery.

## Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Hand protection : Neoprene gloves.

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard

should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection : Full face shield with goggles underneath.

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing.

Rubber or plastic boots.

Slicker Suit.

Environmental exposure

controls

: Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Prevent spilled product from entering streams or drinking water supplies. Shut

off or remove all ignition sources.

Special instructions for

protection and hygiene

 Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Wash hands at the end of each workshift and before eating, smoking or using the toilet. Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety

showers.

## Exposure limit(s)

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Propan-2-ol, 1-methoxy-	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): ACGIH	100 ppm	-
Propan-2-ol, 1-methoxy-	Recommended exposure limit (REL): NIOSH	100 ppm	360 mg/m3
Propan-2-ol, 1-methoxy-	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): NIOSH	150 ppm	540 mg/m3
Propan-2-ol, 1-methoxy-	Time Weighted Average (TWA): ACGIH	50 ppm	-
Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone, 1-	Time Weighted Average (TWA): WEEL	10 ppm	40 mg/m3
Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone, 1-	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): WEEL	30 ppm	120 mg/m3
Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone, 1-	Time Weighted Average (TWA): WEEL	15 ppm	60 mg/m3
Methyl alcohol	Time Weighted Average (TWA): ACGIH 200 ppm -		-
Methyl alcohol	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): ACGIH 250 ppm		-
Methyl alcohol	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): NIOSH	250 ppm	325 mg/m3
Methyl alcohol	Recommended exposure limit (REL): NIOSH	200 ppm	260 mg/m3
Methyl alcohol	Permissible exposure limit: OSHA Z1	200 ppm	260 mg/m3
Potassium Hydroxide	Ceiling Limit Value: ACGIH - 2 m		2 mg/m3
Potassium Hydroxide	Ceiling Limit Value and Time Period (if specified): NIOSH	-	2 mg/m3

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Liquid. Blue-green

Odour : Ether-like.

Odor threshold : No data available.

pH : No data available.

Melting point/range : No data available.

Boiling point/boiling range : 248 °F (120 °C)

Flash point : 102 °F (39 °C) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup

Evaporation rate : No data available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Refer to product classification in Section 2

Upper/lower

explosion/flammability limit

> 16 %(V) / 1.7 %(V)

Vapour pressure : 13.49 mmHg

Water solubility : Miscible with water.

Relative vapor density : No data available.

Relative density : 0.99 (water = 1)

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Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available.

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available.

Decomposition temperature : No data available.

Viscosity : No data available.

: No data available.

Density : 61.804 lb/ft3 (0.99 g/cm3)

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks. Material can accumulate static charges which may

cause an incendiary electrical discharge.

Materials to avoid : Reactive metals (e.g. sodium, calcium, zinc etc.).

Materials reactive with hydroxyl compounds.

Acids.

Oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Hazardous combustion products:

Aldehydes

Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide.

Flammable hydrocarbon fragments.

Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

Possibility of hazardous

Reactions/Reactivity

: No data available.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure

Effects on Eye : Splashes in the eyes may cause redness and irritation.

Effects on Skin : Product has a defatting effect on skin.

Inhalation Effects : No data available.

Ingestion Effects : No data available.

Symptoms : No data available.

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Acute toxicity

**Acute Oral Toxicity** : ATEmix: 1,610.89 mg/kgATEmix: 1,683 mg/kgHarmful if swallowed.

Inhalation : ATEmix (4 h) : 3 mg/l ATEmix (4 h) : 3 mg/l Vapour Toxic by inhalation.

**Acute Dermal Toxicity** : ATEmix: 6,766.64 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

: Causes serious eye irritation.

Sensitization. : No data available.

Chronic toxicity or effects from long term exposures

Carcinogenicity : No data available.

Reproductive toxicity : 1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone has caused embryotoxic and teratogenic effects in

laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Germ cell mutagenicity : No data is available on the product itself.

Specific target organ systemic

toxicity (single exposure)

: May cause respiratory irritation., May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ systemic

toxicity (repeated exposure)

: No data available.

: No data available. Aspiration hazard

Delayed and Immediate Effects and Chronic Effects from Short and Long Term Exposure

This product contains no listed carcinogens according to IARC, ACGIH, NTP and/or OSHA in concentrations of 0.1 percent or greater.

Methanol has relatively low acute toxicity in non-primates, but causes profound species-specific toxicity dependent on the extent to which formate accumulates. Sensitive primate species develop increased blood formate concentrations after methanol exposure, while rodents, rabbits and dogs do not. Exposure of non-primate lab animals to high methanol doses result in Central Nervous System (CNS) depression. Toxic effects in primates including metabolic acidosis and ocular toxicity, effects not normally found in lower animals.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity effects** 

: No data is available on the product itself. Aquatic toxicity

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Toxicity to fish - Components		
Propan-2-ol, 1-methoxy-	LC50 (96 h) : > 4,600 mg/l	Species : Golden Orfe (Leuciscus Iodus L, Golden variety)
Propan-2-ol, 1-methoxy-	LC50 (96 h): 20,800 mg/l	Species : Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)
Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone, 1-	LC50 (96 h): 832 mg/l	Species : Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)
Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone, 1-	LC50 (96 h): 4,000 mg/l	Species : Golden Orfe (Leuciscus Iodus L, Golden variety)
Methyl alcohol	LC50 (96 h): 15,400 mg/l	Species : Bluegill sunfish (Lepomis macrochirus).
Methyl alcohol	NOEC (28 d) : 447 mg/l	Species : Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)
Toxicity to daphnia - Components		
Propan-2-ol, 1-methoxy-	EC 50 (48 h) : > 500 mg/l	Species : Daphnia
Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone, 1-	EC 50 (48 h) : > 4,000 mg/l	Species : Daphnia
Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone, 1-	NOEC (21 d): 12.5 mg/l	Species : Daphnia magna
Methyl alcohol	EC 50 (96 h): 18,260 mg/l	Species : Daphnia magna
Methyl alcohol	NOEC (21 d) : 208 mg/l	Species : Daphnia magna
Toxicity to algae - Components		
Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone, 1-	EC 50 (72 h) : 600.5 mg/l	Species : Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)
Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone, 1-	NOEC (72 h) : 92.6 mg/l	Species : Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)

Toxicity to other organisms : No data available.

## Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability : No data is available on the product itself.

Mobility : No data available.

Bioaccumulation : No data is available on the product itself.

Bioaccumulation - Components

Propan-2-ol, 1-methoxyMethyl-2-pyrrolidinone, 1Methyl alcohol

Negligible bioaccumulation potential.
The product is not bioaccumulating.
The product is not bioaccumulating.

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#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from residues / unused

products

: Contact supplier if guidance is required.

Contaminated packaging : Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state,

and local requirements.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### DOT

UN/ID No. : UN1993

Proper shipping name : Flammable liquids, n.o.s., (Propan-2-ol, 1-methoxy-, Methyl alcohol)

Class or Division : 3
Packing group : III
Label(s) : 3
Marine Pollutant : No

#### IATA

UN/ID No. : UN1993

Proper shipping name : Flammable liquid, n.o.s., (Propan-2-ol, 1-methoxy-, Methyl alcohol)

Class or Division : 3
Packing group : III
Label(s) : 3
Marine Pollutant : No

#### **IMDG**

UN/ID No. : UN1993

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S., (Propan-2-ol, 1-methoxy-, Methyl alcohol)

Class or Division : 3
Packing group : III
Label(s) : 3
Marine Pollutant : No

## TDG

UN/ID No. : UN1993

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S., (Propan-2-ol, 1-methoxy-, Methyl alcohol)

Class or Division : 3
Packing group : III
Label(s) : 3
Marine Pollutant : No

#### **Further Information**

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The transportation information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory data relating to this material. For complete transportation information, contact customer service.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) 12(b) Component(s): Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone, 1-

CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RQ):

Country	Regulatory list	Notification
USA	TSCA	Included on Inventory.
EU	EINECS	Included on EINECS inventory or polymer
		substance, monomers included on
		EINECS inventory or no longer polymer.
Canada	DSL	Included on Inventory.
Australia	AICS	Included on Inventory.
Japan	ENCS	Not on Inventory.
South Korea	ECL	Included on Inventory.
China	SEPA	Included on Inventory.
Philippines	PICCS	Included on Inventory.

#### EPA SARA Title III Section 312 (40 CFR 370) Hazard Classification

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) Acute toxicity (any route of exposure) Skin Corrosion or Irritation Serious eye damage or eye irritation Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

EPA SARA Title III Section 313 (40 CFR 372) Component(s) above 'de minimus' level

Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone, 1-

Methyl alcohol

EPA SARA Title III Section 313 (40 CFR 372) Component(s) above 'de minimus' level None.

US. California Safe Drinking Water & Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65)

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known in the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone, 1-

Methyl alcohol

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared by : Product Compliance Department

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Telephone : 800 837 2724

Preparation Date : 11/15/2023