

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# **DOW SILICONES CORPORATION**

Product name: SYLGARD™ 567 Primerless Silicone Issue Date: 11/23/2022

**Encapsulant Part B** 

Print Date: 11/24/2022

DOW SILICONES CORPORATION encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

# 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: SYLGARD™ 567 Primerless Silicone Encapsulant Part B

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses: Electrical industry and electronics

**COMPANY IDENTIFICATION** 

DOW SILICONES CORPORATION 2200 WEST SALZBURG ROAD MIDLAND MI 48686-0994 UNITED STATES

Customer Information Number: 800-258-2436

SDSQuestion@dow.com

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER** 

**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** 1 800 424 9300 **Local Emergency Contact:** 800-424-9300

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## **Hazard classification**

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Eye irritation - Category 2A

Label elements Hazard pictograms



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Signal word: WARNING!

#### **Hazards**

Causes serious eye irritation.

#### **Precautionary statements**

#### Prevention

Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking.

Keep only in original container.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Wear eye protection/ face protection.

#### Response

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

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present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

#### Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place.

#### Other hazards

May generate flammable hydrogen gas. Avoid contact with water, alcohols, acidic, basic, or oxidizing materials.

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature: Silicone elastomer

This product is a mixture.

| Component                       | CASRN     | Concentration     |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|
|                                 |           |                   |
| Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane | 2530-83-8 | >= 1.3 - <= 2.3 % |

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

# Description of first aid measures

#### General advice:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing; consult a physician.

**Skin contact:** Wash off with plenty of water. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available in work area.

**Eye contact:** Immediately flush eyes with water; remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue flushing eyes for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention without delay,

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preferably from an ophthalmologist. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately available.

**Ingestion:** Rinse mouth with water. No emergency medical treatment necessary.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Causes serious eye irritation.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician:** No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Skin contact may aggravate preexisting dermatitis.

# 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media: Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Dry chemical.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Silicon oxides. Carbon oxides. Formaldehyde.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Applying foam will release significant amounts of hydrogen gas that can be trapped under the foam blanket.. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health..

# Advice for firefighters

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Use water spray to cool unopened containers.. Evacuate area.. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations..

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Do not allow extinguishing medium to contact container contents. Most fire extinguishing media will cause hydrogen evolution, and once the fire is put out, may accumulate in poorly ventilated or confined areas and result in flash fire or explosion if ignited. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.. Use personal protective equipment..

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

**Environmental precautions:** Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil

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barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Soak up with inert absorbent material. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbant. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Materials in contact with water, moisture, acids or bases have the potential to generate hydrogen gas. Recovered material should be stored in a vented container. The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction with spilled materials can take place which could lead to overpressurization of the container. See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for safe handling:** Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Keep away from water. Protect from moisture. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. CONTAINERS MAY BE HAZARDOUS WHEN EMPTY. Since emptied containers retain product residue follow all (M)SDS and label warnings even after container is emptied.

Use only with adequate ventilation. See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in original container. Product may evolve minute quantities of flammable hydrogen gas which can accumulate. Adequately ventilate to maintain vapors well below flammability limits and exposure guidelines. Do not repackage. Clogged container vents may increase pressure build up. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in a closed container.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents. Unsuitable materials for containers: Do not store in or use containers except the original product package.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# **Control parameters**

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

| Component   | Regulation  | Type of listing | Valu              |
|---|---|-----------------|-------------------|
| Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysil                              | Dow IHG   | TWA             | 0.5 ppr           |
| ane   |   |                 |                   |
| Methanol  | ACGIH   | TWA             | 200 ppr           |
| Further information: Skin: Danger of cutaneous absorption |   |                 |                   |
|   | ACGIH   | STEL            | 250 ppr           |
|   | Further information: Skin: Danger of cutaneous absorption |                 |                   |
|   | OSHA Z-1  | TWA             | 260 mg/m3 200 ppr |
|   | OSHA P0   | TWA             | 260 mg/m3 200 ppr |
|   | Further information: X: Skir                              | notation        |                   |

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| OSHA PO                    | STEL        | 325 mg/m3 250 ppm |
|----------------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Further information: X: Sk | in notation |                   |

The following substance(s), which have Occupational Exposure Limit(s) (OEL), may be formed during handling or processing:, Methanol.

**Biological occupational exposure limits** 

| Components | CAS-No. | Control parameters | Biological specimen | Sampling time  | Permissible concentration | Basis        |
|------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|--|---------------------------|--------------|
| Methanol   | 67-56-1 | Methanol           | Urine               | End of<br>shift (As<br>soon as<br>possible<br>after<br>exposure<br>ceases) | 15 mg/l                   | ACGIH<br>BEI |

# **Exposure controls**

**Engineering controls:** Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

#### Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use chemical goggles.

#### Skin protection

Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Other protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use an approved respirator. When respiratory protection is required, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance** 

Physical state liquid

**Color** off-white to beige

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**Odor** none

Odor Threshold No data available

**pH** Not applicable, substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

Melting point/rangeNo data availableFreezing pointNo data availableBoiling point (760 mmHg)> 100 °C (> 212 °F)

Flash point Pensky-Martens closed cup 115.5 °C (239.9 °F)

**Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate** 

= 1)

No data available

Flammability (solid, gas)

Flammability (liquids)

Lower explosion limit

Upper explosion limit

Vapor Pressure

Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)

Not applicable

Not applicable

No data available

No data available

Relative Density (water = 1) 1.24
Water solubility insoluble

Partition coefficient: n- No data available

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperatureNo data availableDecomposition temperatureNo data available

Kinematic Viscosity 600 cSt at 25 °C (77 °F)

**Explosive properties** Not explosive

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weightNo data availableParticle sizeNot applicable

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

**Chemical stability:** Stable under normal conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Can react with strong oxidizing agents. Product may evolve flammable hydrogen gas on contact with water, alcohols, acidic or basic materials, many metals or metallic compounds and can form explosive mixtures in air. Hazardous decomposition products will be formed at elevated temperatures.

Conditions to avoid: Exposure to moisture

**Incompatible materials:** Avoid contact with oxidizing materials.

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Hazardous decomposition products:

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Formaldehyde. Methanol.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact, Ingestion.

Acute toxicity (represents short term exposures with immediate effects - no chronic/delayed effects known unless otherwise noted)

# **Acute Toxicity Endpoints:**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Acute oral toxicity**

#### Information for the Product:

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):

LD50, > 5,000 mg/kg Estimated.

# Information for components:

#### Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane

LD50, Rat, male and female, 8,025 mg/kg OECD 401 or equivalent

This substance may hydrolyze to release Methanol. Methanol is highly toxic to humans and may cause central nervous system effects, visual disturbances up to blindness, metabolic acidosis, and degenerative damage to other organs including liver, kidney, and heart.

#### Acute dermal toxicity

#### Information for the Product:

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):

LD50, > 2,000 mg/kg Estimated.

# Information for components:

# Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane

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LD50, Rabbit, male, 4,250 mg/kg OECD 402 or equivalent

This substance may hydrolyze to release Methanol. Effects of methanol are the same as observed via oral and inhalation exposure and include central nervous system (CNS) depression, visual impairment up to blindness, metabolic acidosis, with effects on organ systems such as liver, kidneys and heart, even death.

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# Acute inhalation toxicity

#### Information for the Product:

Brief exposure (minutes) is not likely to cause adverse effects. Vapor from heated material may cause respiratory irritation.

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

# Information for components:

# Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane

LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5.3 mg/l

This substance may hydrolyze to release Methanol. Inhalation of methanol may cause effects ranging from headache, narcosis and visual impairment to metabolic acidosis, blindness, and even death.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

#### Information for the Product:

Based on information for component(s):

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

May cause drying and flaking of the skin.

#### Information for components:

#### Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

Prolonged contact may cause moderate skin irritation with local redness.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Information for the Product:

Based on information for component(s):

May cause moderate eye irritation.

May cause corneal injury.

# Information for components:

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#### Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane

May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur.

#### Sensitization

#### For skin sensitization:

Not classified based on available information.

# For respiratory sensitization:

Not classified based on available information.

#### Information for the Product:

For skin sensitization:

Contains component(s) which did not cause allergic skin sensitization in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

#### Information for components:

# Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in humans.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

# **Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Not classified based on available information.

#### Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

# Information for components:

#### Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

# **Aspiration Hazard**

Not classified based on available information.

# Information for the Product:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

# Information for components:

#### Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

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Chronic toxicity (represents longer term exposures with repeated dose resulting in chronic/delayed effects - no immediate effects known unless otherwise noted)

# Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Not classified based on available information.

#### Information for the Product:

# Information for components:

# Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane

For similar material(s):

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

# Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

#### Information for components:

#### Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

# **Teratogenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

# Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

## Information for components:

# <u>Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane</u>

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

# Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

# Information for components:

# <u>Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane</u>

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In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

# Mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

#### Information for components:

# <u>Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane</u>

Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane was found to be genetically active in Ames reverse mutation assays, In Vitro sister chromatid exchange assays, and an In Vivo mouse micronucleus assay. This ingredient was not genetically active in an In Vivo cytogenetic assay (mice) or in an In Vivo sister chromatid exchange assay (rabbits, rats). The potential relevance of these data to humans is not known.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

# **Toxicity**

#### Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane

#### Acute toxicity to fish

Material is slightly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, Carp (Cyprinus carpio), semi-static test, 96 Hour, 55 mg/l, Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.1.

#### Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

LC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 Hour, 324 mg/l

#### Acute toxicity to algae/aguatic plants

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae), static test, 96 Hour, Growth rate, 350 mg/l,

OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae), static test, 96 Hour, Growth rate, 130 mg/l,

OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

# Toxicity to bacteria

EC50, activated sludge, Static, 3 Hour, Respiration rates., > 100 mg/l, OECD 209 Test

## Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), semi-static test, 21 d, number of offspring, 100 mg/l

#### Persistence and degradability

# Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane

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Biodegradability: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails

to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Fail **Biodegradation:** 37 % **Exposure time:** 28 d

Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, C.4-A

# Stability in Water (1/2-life)

Hydrolysis, DT50, 6.5 Hour, pH 7, Half-life Temperature 24.5 °C, OECD Test Guideline 111 Hydrolysis, DT50, 0.15 Hour, pH 5, Half-life Temperature 24.5 °C, OECD Test Guideline 111 Hydrolysis, DT50, 0.002 Hour, pH 9, Half-life Temperature 24.5 °C, OECD Test Guideline 111

#### Bioaccumulative potential

# Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). **Partition coefficient:** n-octanol/water(log Pow): 0.5 Estimated by Structure-Activity Relationship (SAR).

# Mobility in soil

# Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane

No relevant data found.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods: DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Incinerator or other thermal destruction device. For additional information, refer to: Handling & Storage Information, MSDS Section 7 Stability & Reactivity Information, MSDS Section 10 Regulatory Information, MSDS Section 15

**Treatment and disposal methods of used packaging:** Empty containers should be recycled or otherwise disposed of by an approved waste management facility. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. Do not re-use containers for any purpose.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Not regulated for transport

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# Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

Not regulated for transport

Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code

Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

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# Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

Not regulated for transport

#### **Further information:**

VENTED PACKAGES ARE FORBIDDEN FOR AIR TRANSPORT.

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

# Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

#### Pennsylvania Right To Know

The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of Pennsylvania law:

| Components  | CASRN      |
|---|------------|
| Dimethyl Siloxane, Dimethylvinylsiloxy-terminated | 68083-19-2 |
| Quartz  | 14808-60-7 |
| Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, Me hydrogen       | 68037-59-2 |

## California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Methanol, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

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#### United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)

All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

# **Hazard Rating System**

#### NFPA

|   | Health | Flammability | Instability |
|---|--------|--------------|-------------|
|   | 2      | 1            | 0           |
| Н | MIS    |              |             |

| Health | Flammability | Physical<br>Hazard |
|--------|--------------|--------------------|
| 2/     | 1            | 1                  |

#### Revision

Identification Number: 2768895 / A713 / Issue Date: 11/23/2022 / Version: 9.0 Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

#### Legend

| ACGIH     | USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)                             |
|-----------|---|
| ACGIH BEI | ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)                           |
| Dow IHG   | Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline                                    |
| OSHA P0   | USA. Table Z-1-A Limits for Air Contaminants (1989 vacated values)  |
| OSHA Z-1  | USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air |
|           | Contaminants  |
| STEL      | Short-term exposure limit   |
| TWA       | Time weighted average   |

#### Full text of other abbreviations

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada): ECx - Concentration associated with x% response: EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization: ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan): ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose): MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships: MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No

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Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

DOW SILICONES CORPORATION urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.