



Kit Name: **MA 420 (A0420)**  
Stock No.: IT101X  
Manufacturer Name: ITW Polymers Adhesives, North America  
Address: 30 Endicott Street  
Danvers, MA 01923

Component list	
Component B	AO420/ MA920 ACTIVATOR
Component A	AO420 ADHESIVE
Kit SDS Revision Date	05/17/2017

## SECTION 1 : PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: **AO420/ MA920 ACTIVATOR**  
Synonyms: None.  
Product Use/Restriction: Not applicable.  
Manufacturer Name: ITW Polymers Adhesives, North America  
Address: 30 Endicott Street  
Danvers, MA 01923  
General Phone Number: (978) 777-1100  
Emergency Phone Number: (800) 424-9300  
CHEMTREC: For emergencies in the US, call CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

HMIS	
Health Hazard	2*
Fire Hazard	2
Reactivity	2
Personal Protection	X

\* Chronic Health Effects

## SECTION 2 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS#	Ingredient Percent
Styrene-ethylene/butylene-styrene block copolymer	66070-58-4	1 - 10 by weight
Proprietary ingredient(s)	Trade Secret	20 - 30 by weight
Benzoyl peroxide	94-36-0	20 - 30 by weight
Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin	25068-38-6	20 - 30 by weight
Diisodecyl adipate	27178-16-1	10 - 20 by weight
Butyl benzyl phthalate	85-68-7	10 - 20 by weight

## SECTION 3 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Route of Exposure: Eyes. Skin. Inhalation. Ingestion.  
Potential Health Effects:  
Eye: Can cause moderate irritation, burning sensation, tearing, redness, and swelling. Overexposure may cause lacrimation, conjunctivitis, corneal damage and permanent injury.  
Skin: Can cause skin irritation; itching, redness, rashes, hives, burning, and swelling. Allergic reactions are possible. May cause skin sensitization, an allergic reaction, which becomes evident on reexposure to this material.  
Inhalation: Respiratory tract irritant. High concentration may cause dizziness, headache, and anesthetic effects.  
Ingestion: Causes irritation, a burning sensation of the mouth, throat and gastrointestinal tract and abdominal pain.  
Chronic Health Effects: Prolonged skin contact may lead to burning associated with severe reddening, swelling, and possible tissue destruction.  
Signs/Symptoms: Overexposure can cause headaches, dizziness, nausea, and vomiting.  
Target Organs: Eyes. Skin. Respiratory system. Digestive system.  
Aggravation of Pre-Existing Conditions: Individuals with pre-existing skin disorders, asthma, allergies or known sensitization may be more susceptible to the effects of this product.

## SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 to 20 minutes. Ensure adequate flushing of the eyes by separating the eyelids with fingers. Get immediate medical attention.  
Skin Contact: Immediately wash skin with plenty of soap and water for 15 to 20 minutes, while removing

contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

<b>Inhalation:</b>	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.
<b>Ingestion:</b>	If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

## SECTION 5 : FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

<b>Flammable Properties:</b>	Decomposition products can be Flammable. Self accelerating decomposition temperature is 129 F (estimated).
<b>Flash Point:</b>	Not determined.
<b>Auto Ignition Temperature:</b>	Not determined.
<b>Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit:</b>	Not determined.
<b>Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit:</b>	Not determined.
<b>Fire Fighting Instructions:</b>	Evacuate area of unprotected personnel. Use cold water spray to cool fire exposed containers to minimize risk of rupture. Do not enter confined fire space without full protective gear. If possible, contain fire run-off water.
<b>Extinguishing Media:</b>	Use carbon dioxide (CO2) or dry chemical when fighting fires involving this material.
<b>Unsuitable Media:</b>	Water or foam may cause frothing.
<b>Protective Equipment:</b>	As in any fire, wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA), MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
<b>Unusual Fire Hazards:</b>	Organic peroxides can decompose violently if heated strongly while confined. Sudden reaction and fire may result if product is mixed with an oxidizing agent.

## SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

<b>Personal Precautions:</b>	Evacuate area and keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the spill area.
<b>Environmental Precautions:</b>	Avoid runoff into storm sewers, ditches, and waterways.
<b>Spill Cleanup Measures:</b>	Absorb spill with inert material (e.g., dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Provide ventilation. Clean up spills immediately observing precautions in the protective equipment section. After removal, flush spill area with soap and water to remove trace residue. Avoid personal contact and breathing vapors or mists. Ventilate area. Use proper personal protective equipment as listed in Section 8.
<b>Other Precautions:</b>	Pump or shovel to storage/salvage vessels.

## SECTION 7 : HANDLING and STORAGE

<b>Handling:</b>	Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor, aerosol or mist.
<b>Storage:</b>	Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from sources of heat and incompatible materials. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store in temperatures above 100 °F.
<b>Hygiene Practices:</b>	Wash thoroughly after handling.

## SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION - EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

<b>Engineering Controls:</b>	Use appropriate engineering control such as process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Where such systems are not effective wear suitable personal protective equipment, which performs satisfactorily and meets OSHA or other recognized standards. Consult with local procedures for selection, training, inspection and maintenance of the personal protective equipment.
<b>Eye/Face Protection:</b>	Wear appropriate protective glasses or splash goggles as described by 29 CFR 1910.133, OSHA eye and face protection regulation, or the European standard EN 166.
<b>Skin Protection Description:</b>	Wear appropriate protective gloves and other protective apparel to prevent skin contact. Consult manufacturer's data for permeability data.
<b>Respiratory Protection:</b>	A NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.
<b>Other Protective:</b>	Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash and a deluge shower safety station.

### EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

#### **Benzoyl peroxide :**

**Guideline ACGIH:** TLV-TWA: 5 mg/m3

**Guideline OSHA:** PEL-TWA: 5 mg/m3

**Notes :** Only established PEL and TLV values for the ingredients are listed.

## SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Appearance:	Viscous. Liquid.
Odor:	Slight. odor.
Boiling Point:	Not determined.
Melting Point:	Not determined.
Specific Gravity:	1.0-1.25
Solubility:	slightly soluble.
Vapor Density:	Not determined.
Vapor Pressure:	Not determined.
Percent Volatile:	<8
Evaporation Rate:	<<1 (butyl acetate = 1)
pH:	6
Molecular Formula:	Mixture
Molecular Weight:	Mixture
Flash Point:	Not determined.
Auto Ignition Temperature:	Not determined.
VOC Content:	<50 g/L mixed.
Percent Solids by Weight	>92

## SECTION 10 : STABILITY and REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability:	Unstable.
Hazardous Polymerization:	Not reported.
Conditions to Avoid:	Extreme heat, sparks, and open flame. Incompatible materials, oxidizers and oxidizing conditions. Contamination, direct sunlight, friction and prolonged storage above 100°F (38°C).
Incompatible Materials:	Oxidizing agents. Strong acids and alkalis.

## SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Benzoyl peroxide :

Eye:	Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 500 mg/24H [Mild] (RTECS)
Ingestion:	Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 7710 mg/kg [Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration - Cyanosis Liver - Other changes Kidney/Ureter/Bladder - Other changes in urine composition] Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 6400 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

### Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin :

Eye:	Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 100 mg [Mild] Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 20 mg/24H [Moderate] Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 5 mg/24H [Severe] (RTECS)
Skin:	Administration onto the skin - Rabbit LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >20 mL/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] Administration onto the skin - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >1200 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)
Ingestion:	Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 10700 uL/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 13600 mg/kg [Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration - Dyspnea Nutritional and Gross Metabolic - Weight loss or decreased weight gain] Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 13.6 gm/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 11.4 gm/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 30 gm/kg [Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration - Dyspnea Nutritional and Gross Metabolic - Weight loss or decreased weight gain] Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 30 gm/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >1 gm/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 11400 mg/kg [Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration - Dyspnea Nutritional and Gross Metabolic (RTECS)

### Diisodecyl adipate :

Ingestion:	Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 20.5 gm/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)
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### Butyl benzyl phthalate :

Skin:	Administration onto the skin - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 6700 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] Administration onto the skin - Rabbit LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >10000 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)
Inhalation:	Inhalation - Rat LC50 - Lethal concentration, 50 percent kill: >6700 mg/m <sup>3</sup> /4H [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

Ingestion: Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 2330 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

## SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: No ecotoxicity data was found for the product.  
Environmental Fate: No environmental information found for this product.

## SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Consult with the US EPA Guidelines listed in 40 CFR Part 261.3 for the classifications of hazardous waste prior to disposal. Furthermore, consult with your state and local waste requirements or guidelines, if applicable, to ensure compliance. Arrange disposal in accordance to the EPA and/or state and local guidelines.

## SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Shipping Name: Refer to Bill of Lading  
DOT UN Number: Refer to Bill of Lading  
IATA Shipping Name: Refer to Bill of Lading  
IATA UN Number: Refer to Bill of Lading  
IMDG UN Number : Refer to Bill of Lading  
IMDG Shipping Name : Refer to Bill of Lading

## SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION

### Styrene-ethylene/butylene-styrene block copolymer :

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed  
Canada DSL: Listed

### Benzoyl peroxide :

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed  
Section 313: EPCRA - 40 CFR Part 372 - (SARA Title III) Section 313 Listed Chemical.  
Canada DSL: Listed

### Bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin :

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed  
Canada DSL: Listed

### Diisodecyl adipate :

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed  
Canada DSL: Listed

### Butyl benzyl phthalate :

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed  
California PROP 65: Listed: developmental.  
Canada DSL: Listed  
Canadian Regulations. WHMIS Hazard Class(es): D2B  
All components of this product are on the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

WHMIS Pictograms:



## SECTION 16 : ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

### HMIS Ratings:

HMIS Health Hazard: 2\*  
HMIS Fire Hazard: 2  
HMIS Reactivity: 2  
HMIS Personal Protection: X

SDS Revision Date: April 26, 2016  
SDS Revision Notes: Formula update  
SDS Author: Actio Corporation

Disclaimer: This Health and Safety Information is correct to the best of our knowledge and belief at the date of its publication but we cannot accept liability for any loss, injury or damage which may result from its use.

The information given in the Data Sheet is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, storage and the use of the substance. It is not a specification nor does it guarantee any specific properties. All chemicals should be handled only by competent personnel, within a controlled environment.

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## SECTION 1 : PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Name:** A0420 ADHESIVE  
**Synonyms:** None.  
**Product Use/Restriction:** Not applicable.  
**Manufacturer Name:** ITW Polymers Adhesives, North America  
**Address:** 30 Endicott Street  
Danvers, MA 01923  
**General Phone Number:** (978) 777-1100  
**Emergency Phone Number:** (800) 424-9300  
**CHEMTREC:** For emergencies in the US, call CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

HMIS	
Health Hazard	2*
Fire Hazard	3
Reactivity	2
Personal Protection	X

\* Chronic Health Effects

## SECTION 2 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS#	Ingredient Percent
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 2-chloro-1,3-butadiene	25053-30-9	1 - 10 by weight
Methyl Methacrylate Monomer	80-62-6	60 - 70 by weight
Methacrylic acid	79-41-4	1 - 10 by weight
Proprietary Ingredient(s)	No Data	10 - 20 by weight

## SECTION 3 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Route of Exposure:** Eyes. Skin. Inhalation. Ingestion.

**Potential Health Effects:**

**Eye:** Can cause moderate irritation, burning sensation, tearing, redness, and swelling. Overexposure may cause lacrimation, conjunctivitis, corneal damage and permanent injury.

**Skin:** Can cause skin irritation; itching, redness, rashes, hives, burning, and swelling. Allergic reactions are possible. May cause skin sensitization, an allergic reaction, which becomes evident on reexposure to this material.

**Inhalation:** Respiratory tract irritant. High concentration may cause dizziness, headache, and anesthetic effects.

**Ingestion:** Causes irritation, a burning sensation of the mouth, throat and gastrointestinal tract and abdominal pain.

**Chronic Health Effects:** Prolonged skin contact may lead to burning associated with severe reddening, swelling, and possible tissue destruction.

**Signs/Symptoms:** Overexposure can cause headaches, dizziness, nausea, and vomiting.

**Target Organs:** Eyes. Skin. Respiratory system. Digestive system. Central nervous system. Liver. Kidney. Olfactory Function.

**Aggravation of Pre-Existing Conditions:** Individuals with pre-existing skin disorders, asthma, allergies or known sensitization may be more susceptible to the effects of this product.

## SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

**Eye Contact:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 to 20 minutes. Ensure adequate flushing of the eyes by separating the eyelids with fingers. Get immediate medical attention.

**Skin Contact:** Immediately wash skin with plenty of soap and water for 15 to 20 minutes, while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

**Inhalation:** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

## SECTION 5 : FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Flammable Properties:** Flammable. Fine mists explosive below flash point.

Flash Point:	50°F (10°C)
Flash Point Method:	Tag closed cup. (TCC)
Auto Ignition Temperature:	789°F
Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit:	1.7%
Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit:	12.5%
Fire Fighting Instructions:	Evacuate area of unprotected personnel. Use cold water spray to cool fire exposed containers to minimize risk of rupture. Do not enter confined fire space without full protective gear. If possible, contain fire run-off water. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition sources and flash back.
Extinguishing Media:	Use carbon dioxide (CO2) or dry chemical when fighting fires involving this material.
Unsuitable Media:	Water may cause frothing.
Protective Equipment:	As in any fire, wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA), MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
Unusual Fire Hazards:	Sealed containers at elevated temperatures may rupture explosively and spread fire due to polymerization.

## SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions:	Evacuate area and keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the spill area.
Environmental Precautions:	Avoid runoff into storm sewers, ditches, and waterways.
Spill Cleanup Measures:	Absorb spill with inert material (e.g., dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Provide ventilation. Collect spill with a non-sparking tool. Place into a suitable container for disposal. Clean up spills immediately observing precautions in the protective equipment section. After removal, flush spill area with soap and water to remove trace residue. Flammable, eliminate ignition sources. Vapors can form an ignitable mixture with air. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition sources and flash back. Ventilate area. Use proper personal protective equipment as listed in Section 8.
Other Precautions:	Pump or shovel to storage/salvage vessels. Add inhibitor to prevent polymerization.

## SECTION 7 : HANDLING and STORAGE

Handling:	Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor, aerosol or mist. Material will accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). Use proper grounding procedures. Do not reuse containers without proper cleaning or reconditioning.
Storage:	Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from sources of heat, combustible materials, direct sunlight, and incompatible substances. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.
Special Handling Procedures:	Provide appropriate ventilation/respiratory protection against decomposition products (see Section 10) during welding/flame cutting operations and to protect against dust during sanding/grinding of cured product. Hazardous liquid or vapor residue may remain in emptied container. Do not reuse, heat, burn, pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, expose to sparks, flame, or ignition sources of empty containers without proper commercial cleaning or reconditioning.
Hygiene Practices:	Wash thoroughly after handling.

## SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION - EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

Engineering Controls:	Use appropriate engineering control such as process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Where such systems are not effective wear suitable personal protective equipment, which performs satisfactorily and meets OSHA or other recognized standards. Consult with local procedures for selection, training, inspection and maintenance of the personal protective equipment.
Eye/Face Protection:	Wear appropriate protective glasses or splash goggles as described by 29 CFR 1910.133, OSHA eye and face protection regulation, or the European standard EN 166.
Skin Protection Description:	Wear appropriate protective gloves and other protective apparel to prevent skin contact. Consult manufacturer's data for permeability data.
Respiratory Protection:	A NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.
Other Protective:	Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash and a deluge shower safety station.

### EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

#### **Methyl Methacrylate Monomer :**

Guideline ACGIH: TLV-STEL: 100 ppm  
TLV-TWA: 50 ppm  
Sensitizer.

Guideline OSHA: PEL-TWA: 100 ppm

#### **Methacrylic acid :**

Guideline ACGIH: TLV-TWA: 20 ppm

Notes : Only established PEL and TLV values for the ingredients are listed.

## SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Appearance:	Paste.
Color:	off-white.
Odor:	Fragrant.
Boiling Point:	213°F (100.5°C)
Melting Point:	-54°F (-47.7°C)
Specific Gravity:	0.96
Solubility:	Not determined.
Vapor Density:	> 1 (air = 1)
Vapor Pressure:	28 mmHg @68°F
Percent Volatile:	Not determined.
Evaporation Rate:	3 (butyl acetate = 1)
pH:	Not determined.
Molecular Formula:	Mixture
Molecular Weight:	Mixture
Flash Point:	50°F (10°C)
Flash Point Method:	Tag closed cup. (TCC)
Auto Ignition Temperature:	789°F
VOC Content:	<50 g/L mixed.
Percent Solids by Weight	Not determined.

## SECTION 10 : STABILITY and REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability:	Unstable.
Hazardous Polymerization:	Polymerization may occur under certain conditions.
Conditions to Avoid:	Extreme heat, sparks, and open flame. Incompatible materials, oxidizers and oxidizing conditions. Oxygen-free atmospheres or inert gas blanketing. Freezing conditions. Material can soften paint and rubber.
Incompatible Materials:	Oxidizing agents (eg peroxides, nitrates), reducing agents, acids, bases, azo-compounds, catalytic metals (eg copper, iron), halogens. Free radical initiators. Oxygen scavengers.

## SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Methyl Methacrylate Monomer :

Eye:	Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 150 mg [Not reported.] (RTECS)
Skin:	Administration onto the skin - Rabbit LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >5 gm/kg [Skin and Appendages - Dermatitis, other(After systemic exposure) ] (RTECS)
Inhalation:	Inhalation - Rat LC50 - Lethal concentration, 50 percent kill: 78000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> /4H [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)
Ingestion:	Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 7872 mg/kg [Behavioral - Muscle weakness Behavioral - Coma Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration - Respiratory depression] (RTECS)

### Methacrylic acid :

Skin:	Administration onto the skin - Rabbit LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 500 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)
Ingestion:	Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 1060 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

## SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:	No ecotoxicity data was found for the product.
Environmental Fate:	No environmental information found for this product.

## SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal:	Consult with the US EPA Guidelines listed in 40 CFR Part 261.3 for the classifications of hazardous waste prior to disposal. Furthermore, consult with your state and local waste requirements or guidelines, if applicable, to ensure compliance. Arrange disposal in accordance to the EPA and/or state and local guidelines.
RCRA Number:	D001
Important Disposal Information:	DANGER! Rags, steel wool and waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded or stored. To avoid a spontaneous combustion fire, immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed, water-filled, metal container.

## SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Shipping Name: Refer to Bill of Lading  
DOT UN Number: Refer to Bill of Lading  
  
IATA Shipping Name: Refer to Bill of Lading  
IATA UN Number: Refer to Bill of Lading  
  
IMDG UN Number : Refer to Bill of Lading  
IMDG Shipping Name : Refer to Bill of Lading

## SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 2-chloro-1,3-butadiene :

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed  
Canada DSL: Listed

### Methyl Methacrylate Monomer :

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed  
Section 313: EPCRA - 40 CFR Part 372 - (SARA Title III) Section 313 Listed Chemical.  
Canada DSL: Listed

### Methacrylic acid :

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed  
Canada DSL: Listed  
Canadian Regulations. WHMIS Hazard Class(es): B2; D2B  
All components of this product are on the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

WHMIS Pictograms:



## SECTION 16 : ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

### HMIS Ratings:

HMIS Health Hazard: 2\*  
HMIS Fire Hazard: 3  
HMIS Reactivity: 2  
HMIS Personal Protection: X

SDS Revision Date: May 25, 2015  
SDS Revision Notes: GHS Update  
SDS Author: Actio Corporation

**Disclaimer:** This Health and Safety Information is correct to the best of our knowledge and belief at the date of its publication but we cannot accept liability for any loss, injury or damage which may result from its use. The information given in the Data Sheet is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, storage and the use of the substance. It is not a specification nor does it guarantee any specific properties. All chemicals should be handled only by competent personnel, within a controlled environment.

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