

**Date Prepared:** 05/19/2016

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

\_\_\_\_\_

# 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: CONATHANE® EN-2551 Part B Blue Curative

Product Description: Filled polyol blend

Synonyms: None

Chemical Family: Filled polyol blend

Molecular Formula: Mixture Molecular Weight: Mixture

Intended/Recommended Use: Curative for polyurethane prepolymer

CYTEC INDUSTRIES INC., FIVE GARRET MOUNTAIN PLAZA, WOODLAND PARK, NEW JERSEY 07424, USA **For Product and all Non-Emergency Information call** 1-800/652-6013. Outside the USA and Canada call 1-973/357-3193.

# EMERGENCY PHONE (24 hours/day) - For emergency only involving spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident call: Asia Pacific:

Australia - +61-3-9663-2130 or 1800-033-111 (IXOM)

China (PRC) - +86 0532 83889090 (NRCC)

New Guinea - +61-3-9663-2130 or 1800-033-111

New Zealand - +61-3-9663-2130 or 0800-734-607 (IXOM)

India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Thailand - +65 3158 1074 (Carechem24 Singapore)

India (Hindi Speaking Only) - +65 3158 1198 or 000800 100 7479 (Carechem24 Singapore)

Canada: +1-905-356-8310 (Cytec Welland, Canada plant)

# Europe/Africa/Middle East (Carechem24 UK):

Europe, Middle East, Africa, Israel - +44 (0) 1235 239 670

(Arabic speaking countries) - +44 (0) 1235 239 671

### Latin America:

Brazil - 0800 7077 022 (SUATRANS)

Chile - +56-2-2-247-3600 (CITUC QUIMICO)

All Others - +52-376-73 74122 (Cytec Atequiza, Mexico plant)

**USA:** +1-703-527-3887 or 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC #CCN6083)

The ® indicates a Registered Trademark in the United States and the ™ indicates a trademark in the United States. The mark may also be registered, subject of an application for registration, or a trademark in other countries.

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### **GHS Classification**

Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation Hazard Category 2A

#### LABEL ELEMENTS



Signal Word Warning

Date Prepared: 05/19/2016

Page 2 of 9

#### **Hazard Statements**

Causes serious eye irritation

# **Precautionary Statements**

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

### Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC), Other Hazards

Polymerization may occur from excessive heat, contamination or exposure to direct sunlight.

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance, Mixture or Article? Mixture

### **HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

Component / CAS No.	%	GHS Classification	Carcinogen
Alumina trihydrate	30 - 60	Not Classified	-
21645-51-2			
Vegetable oil based of fatty acids	30 - 60	Skin Irrit. 3 (H316)	-
		Eye Irrit. 2B (H320)	
Calcium oxide	< 1	STOT SE 3 (H335)	-
1305-78-8		Skin Irrit. 2 (H315)	
		Eye Dam. 1 (H318)	
		Aquatic Acute 3 (H402)	
Sodium oxide	< 1	Skin Corr. 1B (H314)	-
1313-59-3		Eye Dam. 1 (H318)	

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition for one or more ingredients has been withheld as a trade secret.

Additional GHS classification or other information may be included in this section but has not been adopted by OSHA. See Section 16 for full text of H phrases.

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### **DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### **Eye Contact:**

Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

### **Skin Contact:**

Wash immediately with plenty of water and soap.

#### Ingestion:

If swallowed, call a physician immediately. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

### Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Obtain medical advice if there are persistent symptoms.

Date Prepared: 05/19/2016 Page 3 of 9

### MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED

None known

### INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDS

Not applicable

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

### Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Use water spray, carbon dioxide or dry chemical.

### **Extinguishing Media to Avoid:**

full water jet

### **Protective Equipment:**

Firefighters, and others exposed, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

### **Special Hazards:**

Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Personal precautions:

Where exposure level is known, wear approved respirator suitable for level of exposure. Where exposure level is not known, wear approved, positive pressure, self-contained respirator. In addition to the protective clothing/equipment in Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection), wear impermeable boots.

#### **Methods For Cleaning Up:**

Cover spills with some inert absorbent material; sweep up and place in a waste disposal container. Flush spill area with water.

#### References to other sections:

See Sections 8 and 13 for additional information.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### **HANDLING**

Precautions: Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wear eye/face protection.

Special Handling Statements: None

### **STORAGE**

Store in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

Storage Temperature: Room temperature

Reason: Quality.

#### \_\_\_\_\_

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# **Engineering Measures:**

Engineering controls are not usually necessary if good hygiene practices are followed.

# **Respiratory Protection:**

Where exposures are below the established exposure limit, no respiratory protection is required. Where exposures exceed the established exposure limit, use respiratory protection recommended for the material and level of exposure.

### **Eye Protection:**

Wear eye/face protection such as chemical splash proof goggles or face shield.

### **Skin Protection:**

Avoid skin contact. Wear impermeable gloves and suitable protective clothing.

#### **Hand Protection:**

Wear impermeable gloves. Replace gloves immediately when torn or any change in appearance (dimension, colour, flexibility etc) is noticed.

#### **Additional Advice:**

Before eating, drinking, or smoking, wash face and hands thoroughly with soap and water.

# **Exposure Limit(s)**

The below constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

### 21645-51-2 Alumina trihydrate

OSHA (PEL): Not established

ACGIH (TLV): 1 mg/m³ respirable fraction (TWA)(as Aluminum insoluble compounds)

Other Value: Not established

1305-78-8 **Calcium oxide** 

OSHA (PEL): 5 mg/m³ (TWA)
ACGIH (TLV): 2 mg/m³ (TWA)
Other Value: Not established

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Color: blue Appearance: liquid

Odor: characteristic **Boiling Point:** Not available **Melting Point:** Not available **Vapor Pressure:** Negligible Specific Gravity/Density: 1.49 @ 25 °C Negligible Vapor Density: Percent Volatile (% by wt.): Not available Not applicable pH: Not available Saturation In Air (% By Vol.): **Evaporation Rate:** Negligible

Solubility In Water: Slight
Volatile Organic Content: Not applicable

Flash Point: >100 °C 212 °F Closed Cup

Flammability (solid, gas):

Flammable Limits (% By Vol):

Autoignition (Self) Temperature:

Decomposition Temperature:

Partition coefficient (n
Not available

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not available

octanol/water):

Odor Threshold: Not available Viscosity (Kinematic): Not applicable

Date Prepared: 05/19/2016

Page 5 of 9

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### **DUST HAZARD INFORMATION**

Particle Size (microns): Not applicable Not applicable Kst (bar-m/sec): Not applicable **Maximum Explosion Pressure (Pmax): Dust Class:** Not applicable Minimum Ignition Energy (MIE) (mJ): Not applicable Minimum Ignition Temperature (MIT) (°C): Not applicable Minimum Explosive Concentration (MEC) (g/m³): Not applicable Not applicable **Limiting Oxygen Concentration (LOC) (%):** 

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable

Conditions To Avoid: None known

Polymerization: May occur

**Conditions To Avoid:** Reacts with isocyanates to form high molecular weight polymers.

Materials To Avoid: oxidizing materials

Hazardous Decomposition oxides of carbon Oxides of nitrogen

\_\_\_\_\_

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# PRODUCT TOXICITY INFORMATION

**Likely Routes of Exposure:** Eyes, Skin, Oral.

**ACUTE TOXICITY DATA** 

 oral
 rat
 Acute LD50
 >2000 mg/kg

 dermal
 rabbit
 Acute LD50
 >2000 mg/kg

 inhalation
 rat
 Acute LC50 4 hr
 >5 mg/l (Dust/Mist)

**LOCAL EFFECTS ON SKIN AND EYE** 

Acute Irritation skin No data
Acute Irritation eye Irritating

**ALLERGIC SENSITIZATION** 

Sensitization skin Not sensitizing

Sensitization respiratory No data

**GENOTOXICITY** 

**Assays for Gene Mutations** 

Ames Salmonella Assay No data

OTHER INFORMATION

The product toxicity information above has been estimated.

#### HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT TOXICITY DATA

Alumina trihydrate is considered a nuisance particulate which will not cause adverse health effects other than respiratory congestion or irritation.

Date Prepared: 05/19/2016

The chemical, physical, and toxicological properties of this material have not been fully investigated. This material is expected to have a low order of oral and dermal toxicity. Oral ingestion of large quantities of castor oil may cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Direct contact is expected to be mildly irritating to eyes and skin. Toxicity studies with Vegetable oil based of fatty acids were performed by incorporating the material at concentrations as high as 10% in diets given to rats and mice for 13 weeks. No significant adverse effects of Vegetable oil based of fatty acids administration were noted. Genetic toxicity studies were performed and the results indicate that Vegetable oil based of fatty acids was non-mutagenic in the Ames Assay, did not produce sister chromatid exchanges or chromosomal aberrations in CHO cells, and did not induce micronuclei in the peripheral blood erythrocytes of mice evaluated at the end of the 13-wek studies.

Calcium oxide has acute oral (rat) and acute dermal (rabbit) LD50 values of >2000 mg/kg and >2500 mg/kg, respectively. Acute inhalation exposure to dust may cause irritation of the respiratory tract. Direct contact with this material is expected to cause moderate skin and severe eye irritation. The administration (oral gavage) of up to 440 mg/kg (body weight) of the calcium oxide to pregnant mice and up to 680 mg/kg (body weight) to rats for 10 consecutively days had no clearly discernible effect on embryo implantation or on maternal or fetal survival. The number of abnormalities seen in either soft or skeletal tissues of the test groups did not differ from the number occurring spontaneously in the sham-treated controls. Calcium oxide was not mutagenic in the Ames Assay.

Sodium oxide is corrosive and can cause burns to the skin, eyes, and mucous membranes of the respiratory and digestive tracts upon direct contact. Specific toxicological properties of this material have not been thoroughy investigated. This material converts to sodium hydroxide on contact with water or moist tissue

California Proposition 65 Warning (applicable in California only) - This product contains (a) chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICITY, PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY, BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL, MOBILITY IN SOIL, OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS

This material is not classified as dangerous for the environment.

The ecological assessment for this material is based on an evaluation of its components.

RESULTS OF PBT AND vPvB ASSESSMENT
Not determined

Component / CAS No.	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Water Flea
Alumina trihydrate 21645-51-2	Not available	Not available	Not available
Vegetable oil based of fatty acids	Not available	Not available	Not available
Calcium oxide	ErC50 >100 mg/L (estimated) -	LC50 >10-100 mg/L (estimated) -	EC50 >10-100 mg/L (estimated) -
1305-78-8	Green Algae (72h)	Rainbow Trout (96h)	Daphnia Magna (48h)
Sodium oxide	Not available	Not available	Not available
1313-59-3			

\_\_\_\_\_

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The information on RCRA waste classification and disposal methodology provided below applies only to the product, as supplied. If the material has been altered or contaminated, or it has exceeded its recommended shelf life, the guidance may be inapplicable. Hazardous waste classification under federal regulations (40 CFR Part 261 et seq) is dependent upon whether a material is a RCRA "listed hazardous waste" or has any of the four RCRA "hazardous waste characteristics." Refer to 40 CFR Part 261.33 to determine if a given material to be disposed of is a RCRA "listed hazardous waste"; information contained in Section 15 of this MSDS is not intended to indicate if the product is a "listed hazardous waste." RCRA Hazardous Waste Characteristics: There are four characteristics defined in 40 CFR Section 261.21-61.24: Ignitability, Corrosivity, Reactivity, and Toxicity. To determine Ignitability, see Section 9 of this MSDS (flash point). For Corrosivity, see Sections 9 and 14 (pH and DOT corrosivity). For Reactivity, see Section 10 (incompatible materials). For Toxicity, see Section 3 (composition). Federal regulations are subject to change. State and local requirements, which may differ from or be more stringent than the federal regulations, may also apply to the classification of the material if it is to be disposed. The Company encourages the recycle, recovery and reuse of materials, where permitted, as an alternate to disposal as a waste. The Company recommends that organic materials classified as RCRA hazardous wastes be disposed of by thermal treatment or incineration at EPA approved facilities. The Company has provided the foregoing for information only; the person generating the waste is responsible for determining the waste classification and disposal method.

\_\_\_\_\_

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

This section provides basic shipping classification information. Refer to appropriate transportation regulations for specific requirements.

### **US DOT**

Dangerous Goods? Not applicable/Not regulated

### TRANSPORT CANADA

Dangerous Goods? Not applicable/Not regulated

### ICAO / IATA

Dangerous Goods? Not applicable/Not regulated

### IMO

Dangerous Goods? Not applicable/Not regulated

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**Inventory Information** 

SDS: 0008947 Date Prepared: 05/19/2016

Page 8 of 9

**United States (USA):** All components of this product are included on the TSCA Chemical Inventory or are not required to be listed on the TSCA Chemical Inventory.

**Canada:** All components of this product are included on the Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are not required to be listed on the DSL.

**Australia:** All components of this product are included in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) or are not required to be listed on AICS.

**China:** All components of this product are included on the Chinese inventory or are not required to be listed on the Chinese inventory.

**Japan:** One or more components of this product are NOT included on the Japanese (ENCS) inventory.

**Korea:** All components of this product are included on the Korean (ECL) inventory or are not required to be listed on the Korean inventory.

**Philippines:** All components of this product are included on the Philippine (PICCS) inventory or are not required to be listed on the Philippine inventory.

#### OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

The following components of this product may be subject to reporting requirements pursuant to Section 313 of CERCLA (40 CFR 372), Section 12(b) of TSCA, or may be subject to release reporting requirements (40 CFR 307, 40 CFR 311, etc.) See Section 13 for information on waste classification and waste disposal of this product.

This product does not contain any components regulated under these sections of the EPA

### PRODUCT HAZARD CLASSIFICATION UNDER SECTION 311 OF SARA

Acute

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### NFPA Hazard Rating (National Fire Protection Association)

Health: 1 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause significant irritation.

Fire: 1 - Materials that must be preheated before ignition can occur.

Instability: 0 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions.

Reasons For Issue: Revised Section 2

Revised Section 3 Revised Section 11 Revised Section 16

**Date Prepared:** 05/19/2016 **Date of last significant revision:** 05/19/2016

Vegetable oil based of fatty acids

H316 - Causes mild skin irritation.

H320 - Causes eye irritation.

Calcium oxide

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H402 - Harmful to aquatic life.

Sodium oxide

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Date Prepared: 05/19/2016

Prepared By: Legal & Compliance Services; E-mail: custinfo@cytec.com

This information is given without any warranty or representation. We do not assume any legal responsibility for same, nor do we give permission, inducement, or recommendation to practice any patented invention without a license. It is offered solely for your consideration, investigation, and verification. Before using any product, read its label.

Page 9 of 9