

LOCTITE® 4541 TM

September 2010

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

LOCTITE[®] 4541[™] provides the following product characteristics:

| Technology | Cyanoacrylate | | |
|----------------------|---|--|--|
| Chemical Type | Ethyl cyanoacrylate | | |
| Appearance (uncured) | Transparent to slightly cloudy gel ^{LMS} | | |
| Components | One part - requires no mixing | | |
| Viscosity | High | | |
| Cure | Humidity | | |
| Application | Bonding | | |
| Key Substrates | Wood, Paper, Leather and Fabric | | |

LOCTITE[®] 4541[™] is designed for the assembly of difficult-to-bond materials which require uniform stress distribution and strong tension and/or shear strength. The product provides rapid bonding of a wide range of materials, including metals, plastics and elastomers. LOCTITE[®] 4541[™] is particularly suited for bonding porous or absorbent materials such as wood, paper, leather and fabric. The gel consistency prevents adhesive flow even on vertical surfaces. Suitable for use in the assembly of **disposable medical devices**.

ISO-10993

An ISO 10993 Test Protocol is an integral part of the Quality Program for LOCTITE[®] 4541[™]. LOCTITE[®] 4541[™] has been qualified to Henkel's ISO 10993 Protocol as a means to assist in the selection of products for use in the medical device industry. Certificates of Compliance are available on Henkel's website or through the Henkel Quality Department.

TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF UNCURED MATERIAL

Specific Gravity @ 25 °C 1.1 Viscosity, Brookfield - RVT, 25 °C, mPa·s (cP):

Spindle TC, speed 20 rpm, Helipath 18,000 to 40,000^{LMS}

Flash Point - See MSDS

TYPICAL CURING PERFORMANCE

Under normal conditions, the atmospheric moisture initiates the curing process. Although full functional strength is developed in a relatively short time, curing continues for at least 24 hours before full chemical/solvent resistance is developed.

Cure Speed vs. Substrate

The rate of cure will depend on the substrate used. The table below shows the fixture time achieved on different materials at $22\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ / $50\,\%$ relative humidity. This is defined as the time to develop a shear strength of $0.1\,\text{N/mm}^2$.

Fixture Time, seconds:

| Steel (degreased) | 5 to 20 |
|-------------------|----------|
| Aluminum | 2 to 10 |
| Zinc dichromate | 10 to 20 |
| Neoprene | <5 |
| Rubber, nitrile | <5 |
| ABS | 2 to 10 |
| PVC | 2 to 10 |
| | |

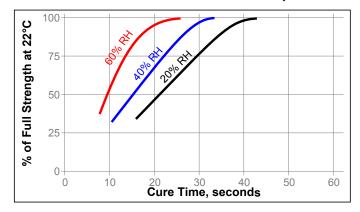
Polycarbonate 10 to 40 Phenolic 2 to 10

Cure Speed vs. Bond Gap

The rate of cure will depend on the bondline gap. Thin bond lines result in high cure speeds, increasing the bond gap will decrease the rate of cure.

Cure Speed vs. Humidity

The rate of cure will depend on the ambient relative humidity. The following graph shows the tensile strength developed with time on Buna N rubber at different levels of humidity.



Cure Speed vs. Activator

Where cure speed is unacceptably long due to large gaps, applying activator to the surface will improve cure speed. However, this can reduce ultimate strength of the bond and therefore testing is recommended to confirm effect.

TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF CURED MATERIAL

After 24 hours @ 22 °C

Physical Properties:

Coefficient of Thermal Expansion, ISO 11359-2, K⁻¹
Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity, ISO 8302, W/(m·K)
Glass Transition Temperature, ASTM E 228, °C 120

Electrical Properties:

Dielectric Constant / Dissipation Factor, IEC 60250:



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE OF CURED MATERIAL Adhesive Properties

After 24 hours @ 22 °C Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587: Steel (grit blasted) N/mm² 18 to 26 (psi) (2,610 to 3,770) Aluminum (etched) N/mm² 11 to 19 (1,595 to 2,755) (psi) Zinc dichromate N/mm² 4 to 10 (580 to 1,450) (psi) **ABS** N/mm² 6 to 20 (870 to 2,900) (psi) PVC N/mm² 6 to 20 (870 to 2,900) (psi) Polycarbonate N/mm² 5 to 20 (725 to 2,900) (psi) Phenolic N/mm² 5 to 15 (725 to 2,900) (psi) Neoprene N/mm² 5 to 15 (725 to 2,175) (isg) Nitrile N/mm² 5 to 15 (725 to 2,175) (psi) Tensile Strength, ISO 6922: Steel (grit blasted) N/mm² 12 to 25 (1,740 to 3,625) (psi) Buna-N N/mm² 5 to 15

After 30 seconds @ 22 °C Tensile Strength, ISO 6922:

Buna-N N/mm² ≥6.9^{LMS} (psi) (≥1,000)

(725 to 2,175)

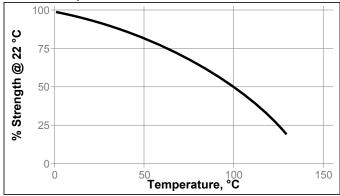
(psi)

TYPICAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESISTANCE

After 1 week @ 22 °C Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587: Mild steel (grit blasted)

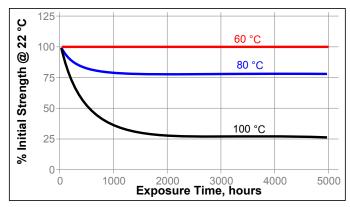
Hot Strength

Tested at temperature



Heat Aging

Aged at temperature indicated and tested @ 22 °C



Chemical/Solvent Resistance

Aged under conditions indicated and tested @ 22 °C.

| | | % of initial strength | | |
|---------------------------------------|----|-----------------------|-------|--------|
| Environment | °C | 100 h | 500 h | 1000 h |
| Motor oil (MIL-L-46152) | 40 | 85 | 85 | 75 |
| Gasoline | 22 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Ethanol | 22 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Isopropanol | 22 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Freon TA | 22 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Heat/humidity 95% RH | 40 | 65 | 55 | 50 |
| Heat/humidity 95% RH on polycarbonate | 40 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

Effects of Sterilization

In general, products similiar in composition to LOCTITE[®] 4541[™] subjected to standard sterilization methods, such as EtO and Gamma Radiation (25 to 50 kiloGrays cumulative) show excellent bond strength retention. LOCTITE[®] 4541[™] maintains bond strength after 1 cycle of steam autoclave. It is recommended that customers test specific parts after subjecting them to the perferred sterilization method. Consult with Loctite[®] for a product recommendation if your device will see more than 3 sterilization cycles.

GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is not recommended for use in pure oxygen and/or oxygen rich systems and should not be selected as a sealant for chlorine or other strong oxidizing materials

For safe handling information on this product, consult the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

Directions for use:

- For best performance bond surfaces should be clean and free from grease.
- 2. This product performs best in thin bond gaps (0.05 mm).
- 3. Excess adhesive can be dissolved with Loctite cleanup solvents, nitromethane or acetone.

Loctite Material Specification^{LMS}

LMS dated January 29, 2003. Test reports for each batch are available for the indicated properties. LMS test reports include selected QC test parameters considered appropriate to specifications for customer use. Additionally, comprehensive controls are in place to assure product quality and consistency. Special customer specification requirements may be coordinated through Henkel Quality.

Storage

Store product in the unopened container in a dry location. Storage information may be indicated on the product container labeling.

Optimal Storage: 2 °C to 8 °C. Storage below 2 °C or greater than 8 °C can adversely affect product properties. Material removed from containers may be contaminated during use. Do not return product to the original container. Henkel Corporation cannot assume responsibility for product which has been contaminated or stored under conditions other than those previously indicated. If additional information is required, please contact your local Technical Service Center or Customer Service Representative.

Conversions

 $(^{\circ}C \times 1.8) + 32 = ^{\circ}F$ $kV/mm \times 25.4 = V/mil$ mm / 25.4 = inches $\mu m / 25.4 = mil$ $N \times 0.225 = lb$ $N/mm \times 5.71 = lb/in$ $N/mm^2 \times 145 = psi$ $MPa \times 145 = psi$ $N \cdot m \times 8.851 = lb \cdot in$ $N \cdot m \times 0.738 = lb \cdot ft$ $N \cdot mm \times 0.742 = oz \cdot in$ $mPa \cdot s = cP$

Note

The data contained herein are furnished for information only and are believed to be reliable. We cannot assume responsibility for the results obtained by others over whose methods we have no control. It is the user's responsibility to determine suitability for the user's purpose of any production methods mentioned herein and to adopt such precautions as may be advisable for the protection of property and of persons against any hazards that may be involved in the handling and use thereof. In light of the foregoing, Henkel Corporation specifically disclaims all warranties expressed or implied, including warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, arising from sale or use of Henkel Corporation's products. Henkel Corporation specifically disclaims any liability for consequential or incidental damages of any kind, including lost profits. The discussion herein of various processes or compositions is not to be interpreted as representation that they are free from domination of patents owned by others or as a license under any Henkel Corporation patents that may cover such processes or compositions. We recommend that each prospective user test his proposed application before repetitive use, using this data as a guide. This product may be covered by one or more United States or foreign patents or patent applications.

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Reference 1.2