SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier **HumiSeal Stripper 1072**

Other means of identification

Product code HumiSeall Stripper 1072

Recommended use Coating Remover for Printed Circuit Board

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name	CHASE CORPORATION Zeta Drive Plant	
Address	201 Zeta Drive Pittsburgh, PA 15238 United States	
Telephone	1-866-932-0800	
E-mail	Not available.	
Emergency phone number	1-800-424-9300	Chemtrec, US
	(+1)703-527-3887	Chemtrec, outside of US

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 3
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, dermal	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1B
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 1
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements

Signal word Danger

Hazard statement	Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Specific treatment (see this label). Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information	30% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 32% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 50% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
1-Methoxy-2-propanol		107-98-2	40 - < 50
N-Methylpyrrolidone		872-50-4	20 - < 30
METHANOL		67-56-1	3 - < 5
Potassium hydroxide		1310-58-3	1 - < 3
Other components below reportable levels			30 - < 40

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Diarrhea. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Irritation of nose and throat. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. May cause respiratory irritation. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Chemical burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Avoid spark promoters. Eliminate sources of ignition. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)	PEL	260 mg/m3 200 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
1-Methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2)	STEL	100 ppm
	TWA	50 ppm
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	250 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
1-Methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2)	STEL	540 mg/m3 150 ppm
	TWA	360 mg/m3 100 ppm
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	325 mg/m3 250 ppm
	TWA	260 mg/m3 200 ppm
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)	TWA	2 mg/m3

US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

Components	Type	Value
N-Methylpyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)	TWA	40 mg/m3

US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

Components	Type	Value
		10 ppm

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)	15 mg/l	Methanol	Urine	*
N-Methylpyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)	100 mg/l	5-Hydroxy-N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	Urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

1-Methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennesse OELs: Skin designation

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US WEEL Guides: Skin designation

N-Methylpyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Form Liquid.

Color Clear

Odor Amine-like.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH Does not apply.

Melting point/freezing point -139 °F (-95 °C) estimated

Initial boiling point and boiling range 246.2 °F (119 °C) estimated

Flash point 105.8 °F (41.0 °C)

Evaporation rate 0.7 BuAc

Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1.6
Flammability limit - upper (%)	13.8
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	8 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Compelete
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	655 °F (346.11 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	1.00 g/cm3 estimated
Flammability class	Flammable IC estimated
Percent volatile	95 % v/v
Specific gravity	1 estimated
VOC (Weight %)	957 g/l

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Peroxides. Phenols.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion	Causes digestive tract burns. Harmful if swallowed.
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause damage to organs by inhalation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
Skin contact	Causes severe skin burns. Harmful in contact with skin.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Diarrhea. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Irritation of nose and throat. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. May cause respiratory irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Harmful if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if swallowed. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation.

Product	Species	Test Results
HumiSeal Stripper 1072 (CAS Mixture)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	28.8889 g/kg estimated
Inhalation		
LC50	Cat	2847 mg/l, 4.5 Hours estimated
		1456 mg/l, 6 Hours estimated
	Guinea pig	33333.332 mg/l, 10 Hours estimated
	Rat	2916.6667 mg/l, 6 Hours estimated
		121.3333 mg/l, 4 Hours estimated
Oral		
LD50	Dog	10.2222 g/kg estimated
	Monkey	66.6667 g/kg estimated
	Mouse	23204.0391 mg/kg estimated
	Rabbit	11.4957 g/kg estimated
	Rat	7710.7432 mg/kg estimated
		21 ml/kg estimated
Other		
LD50	Dog	4 g/kg estimated
	Monkey	100 g/kg estimated
	Mouse	271.9577 mg/kg estimated
	Rabbit	2.4444 g/kg estimated
	Rat	400.2321 mg/kg estimated

Components	Species	Test Results
1-Methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	13 g/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Guinea pig	15000 mg/l, 10 Hours
	Rat	54.6 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Dog	4.6 g/kg
	Mouse	10.8 g/kg
	Rabbit	5.3 g/kg
	Rat	5.71 g/kg
Other		
LD50	Dog	1.8 g/kg
	Mouse	4.9 g/kg
	Rabbit	1.1 g/kg
	Rat	3.9 g/kg
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Cat	85.41 mg/l, 4.5 Hours
		43.68 mg/l, 6 Hours

Components	Species	Test Results
	Rat	64000 ppm, 4 Hours
		87.5 mg/l, 6 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Dog	8000 mg/kg
	Monkey	2 g/kg
	Mouse	7300 mg/kg
	Rabbit	14.4 g/kg
	Rat	5628 mg/kg
Other		
LD50	Guinea pig	3556 mg/kg
	Hamster	8555 mg/kg
	Monkey	3 g/kg
	Mouse	4100 mg/kg
	Rabbit	1826 mg/kg
	Rat	2131 mg/kg
N-Methylpyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	8000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	5130 mg/kg
	Rat	3914 mg/kg
		4.2 ml/kg
Other		
LD50	Mouse	54.5 mg/kg
	Rat	80.5 mg/kg
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	273 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not available.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure May cause damage to organs. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not available.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Product		Species	Test Results
HumiSeal Stripper 1072 (CAS Mixture)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fish	3976.6934 mg/l, 96 hours estimated
Components		**Species**	**Test Results**
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 10000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	> 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis)	80 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential Not available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

METHANOL	-0.77
N-Methylpyrrolidone	-0.54

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

US RCRA Hazardous Waste U List: Reference

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)	U154

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN2924

UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.(GLYCOL ETHERS, POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3

Subsidiary risk 8

Label(s) 3, 8

Packing group III

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions B1, IB3, T7, TP1, TP28

Packaging exceptions 150

Packaging non bulk 203

Packaging bulk	242

IATA

UN number	UN2924
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.(GLYCOL ETHERS, POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	8
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3C
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.

IMDG

UN number	UN2924
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.(GLYCOL ETHERS, POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	8
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-C
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	This substance/mixture is not intended to be transported in bulk.

DOT

IATA; IMDG

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

1-Methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2)	Listed.

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) Listed.
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
N-Methylpyrrolidone	872-50-4	20 - < 30
METHANOL	67-56-1	3 - < 5

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1-Methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2)
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)
N-Methylpyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1-Methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2)
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)
N-Methylpyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1-Methoxy-2-propanol (CAS 107-98-2)
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)
N-Methylpyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)

US. Rhode Island RTK

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)
N-Methylpyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) Listed: March 16, 2012
N-Methylpyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4) Listed: June 15, 2001

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 04-18-2015

Revision date 05-23-2015

Version # 03

HMIS® ratings Health: 3*
Flammability: 3
Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 3
Flammability: 3
Instability: 0

Disclaimer The information offered in this data sheet is designed only as guidance for the safe use, storage and handling of the product. This information is correct to the best of our knowledge and belief at the date of publication, however, no guarantee is made to its accuracy. This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any other process. This material is intended for industrial use only. No warranty, expressed or implied is made.

Revision Information Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties